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**APPLICATION OF NEURAL NETWORKS TO
UNSTEADY AERODYNAMIC CONTROL**

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Unsteady Fluid Dynamic Models and Control

Problem

Understand → Predict → Control

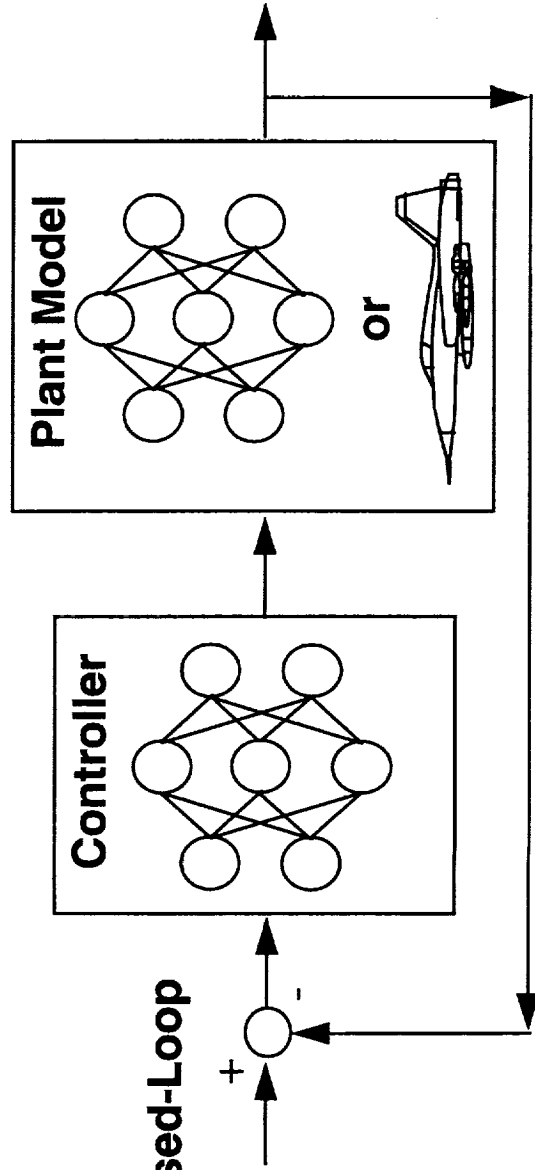
Fluid Mechanics of Dynamic Maneuvers
Unsteady Boundary Layers
Vortex Dominated Flows

Potential Payoffs

Aircraft, Helicopters, Underwater Vehicles, Wind Turbines ...

One Solution

Neural Networks:
Demonstrate Closed-Loop
Control



Pitching Alters Vorticity Generation and Accumulation



STEADY:

**Vorticity
generated and shed
at equal rates**



UNSTEADY:

**Boundary layer
separates,
vortex initiated near
leading edge**

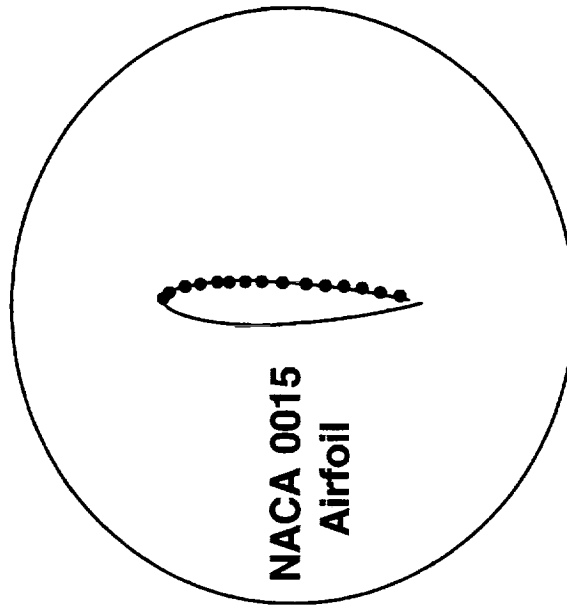


UNSTEADY:

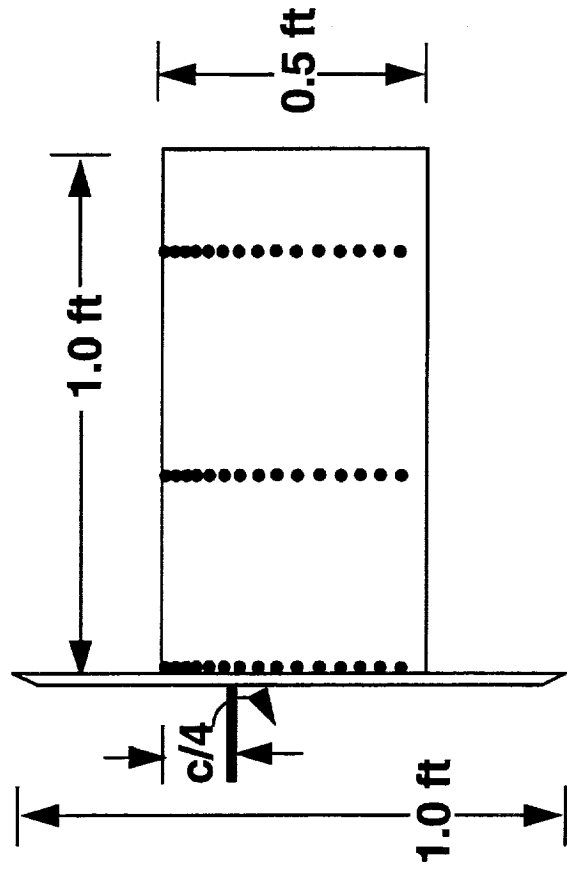
**Vorticity
accumulates into
large, energetic
unsteady vortex**

Wind Tunnel Wing Model

Side View

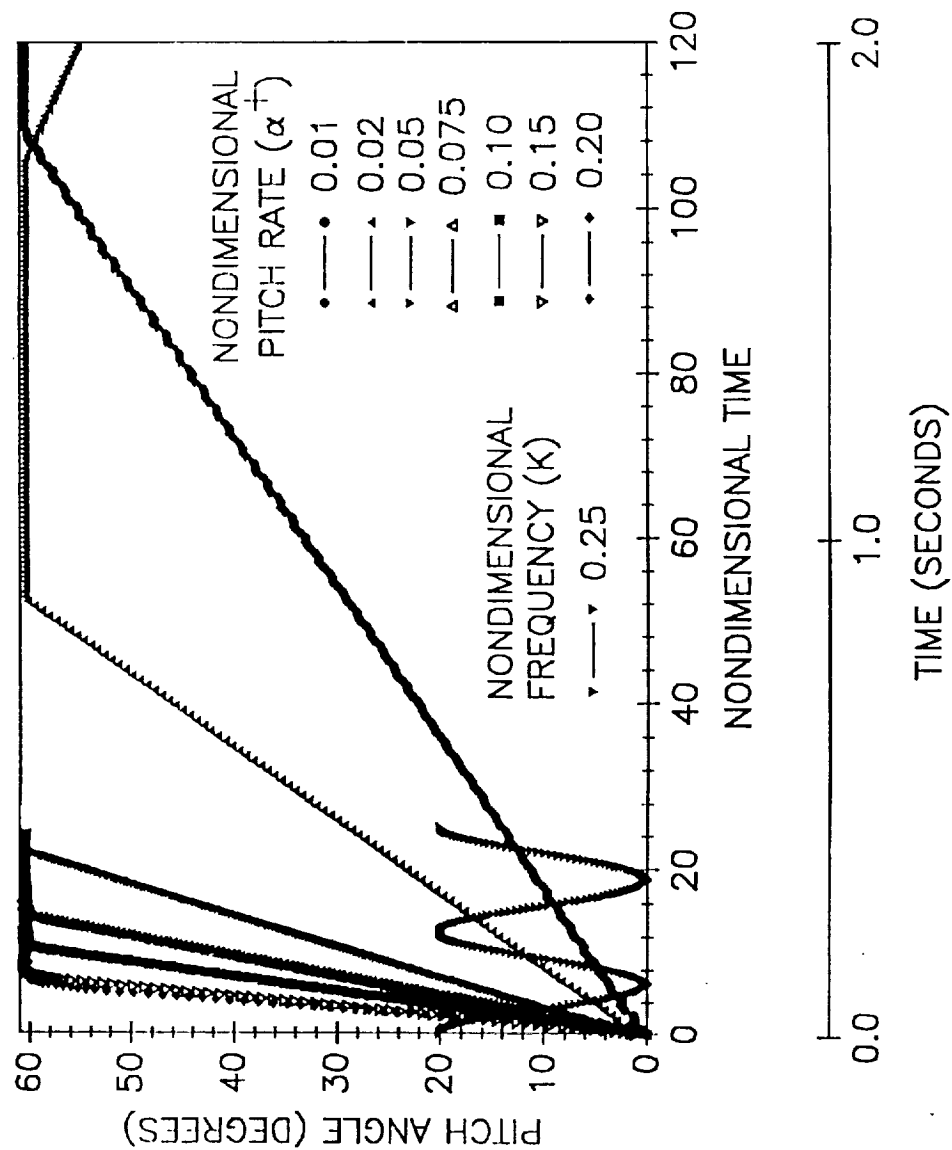


Planform View



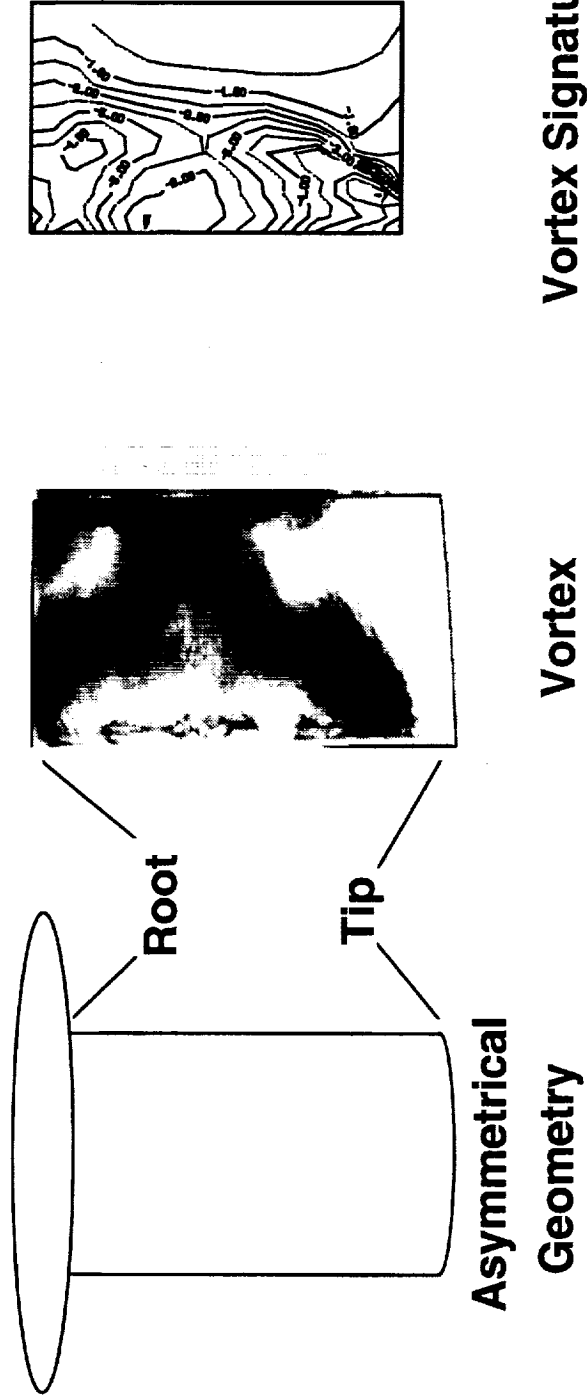
- 15 Pressure Taps (0 to 90% Chord)
- Pressure Transducers Close Coupled With Wing Surface
- 3 Span Locations (Wing Root, 37.5% Span & 80% Span)

Wing Motion Histories



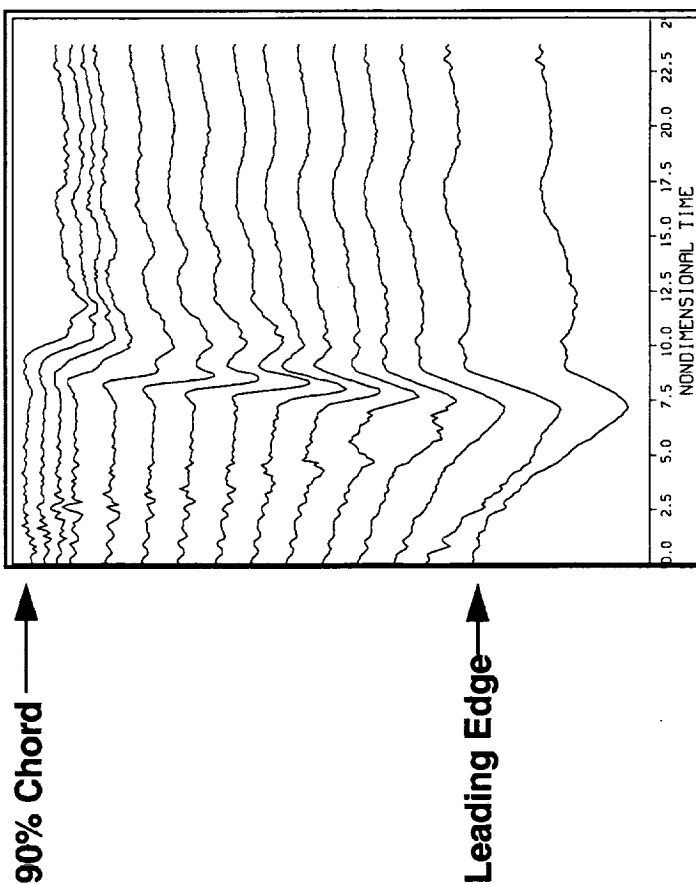
Surface Pressure Topologies and Flow Visualization

- Free wing tip and bounded wing root give 3-D unsteady flow field



Experimental Data Format

- Data Acquisition
Sampling Rate 500 Hz



Samples

$C_{p15}(t1)$ $C_{p15}(t2)$ $C_{p15}(t200)$

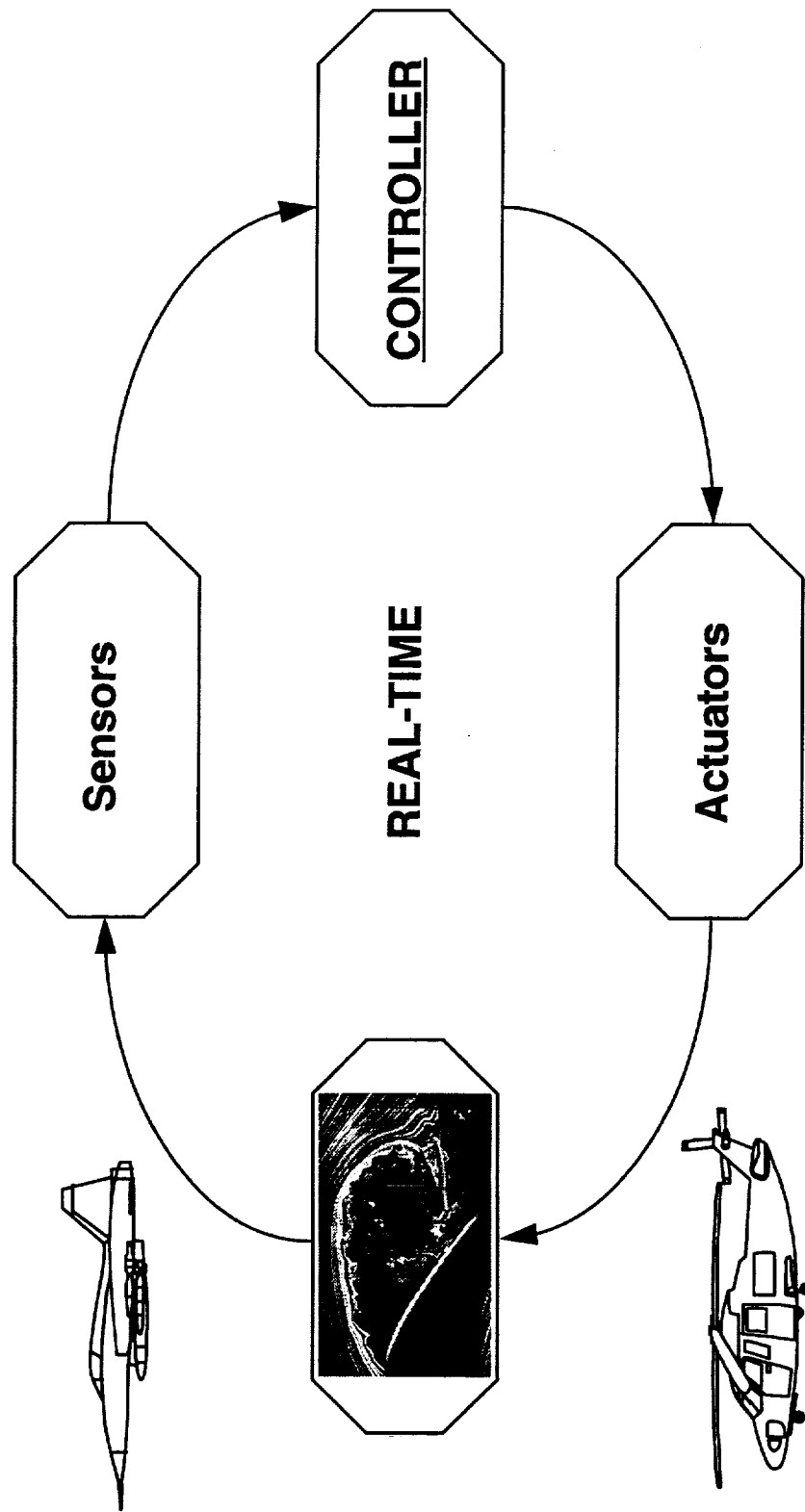
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$C_{p2}(t1)$ $C_{p2}(t2)$ $C_{p2}(t200)$

$C_{p1}(t1)$ $C_{p1}(t2)$ $C_{p1}(t200)$

Time

Neural Network Control Unsteady Aerodynamics



Control System Requirements

Constraints

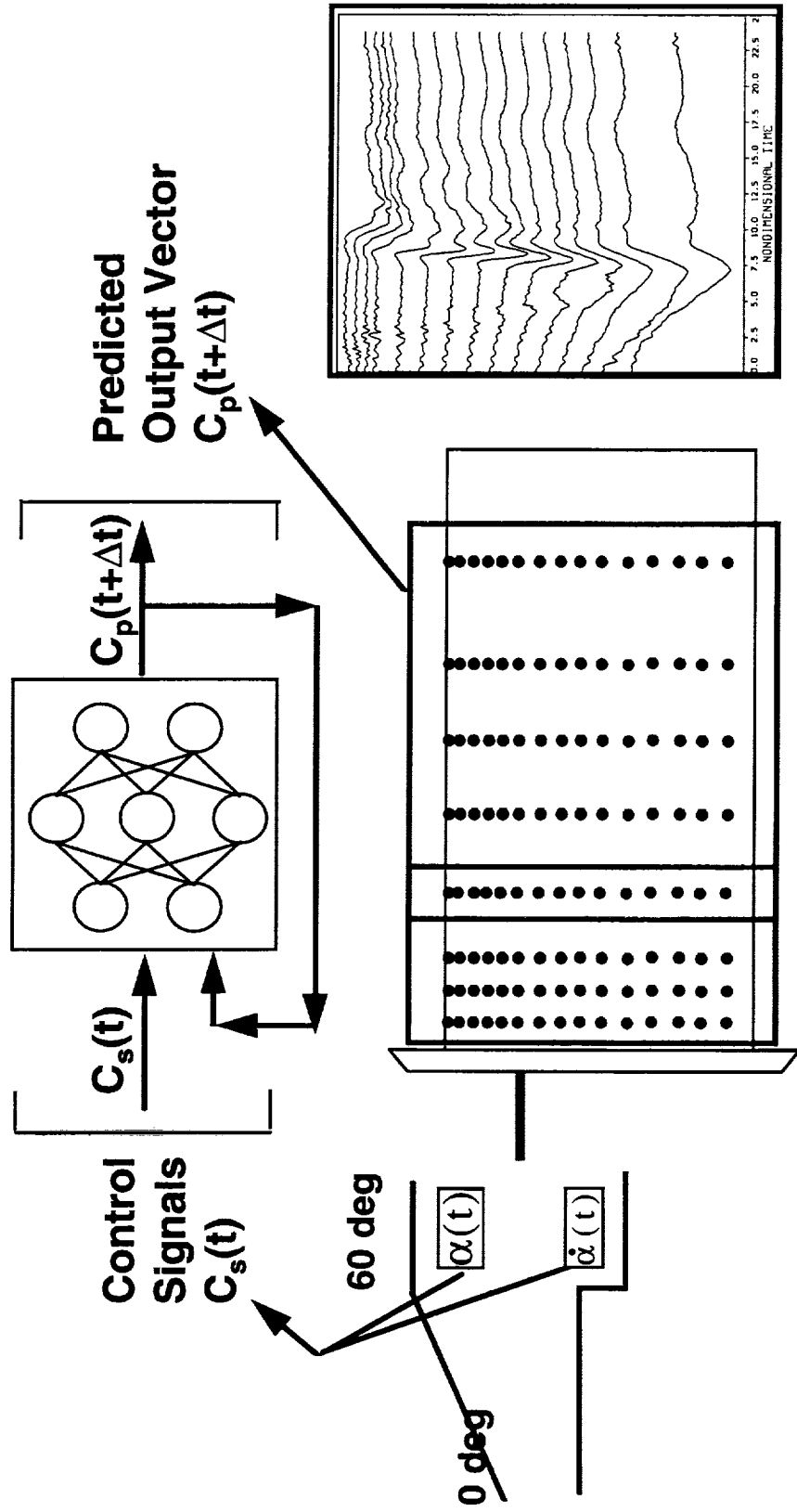
- Plant Output Can Be Highly Nonlinear
- Significant Time Lags Inherent to the System (Mechanical, Viscous and Convective)
- System Integration (Sensors, Actuators, Controllers, Flow Field Dynamics and the Time-Lags Associated with Each)

Requirements

- Controller for Both Linear and Nonlinear Responses
- Predict the Future State of the Plant / Generate Control Signals with the Required Lead Times
- Many Inputs and Many Outputs in Parallel
- Integrate Multivariate Signals (Sensors, Actuators and Controller)
- Handle Temporal Mismatches (Time-Lags) Automatically

Neural Network Control

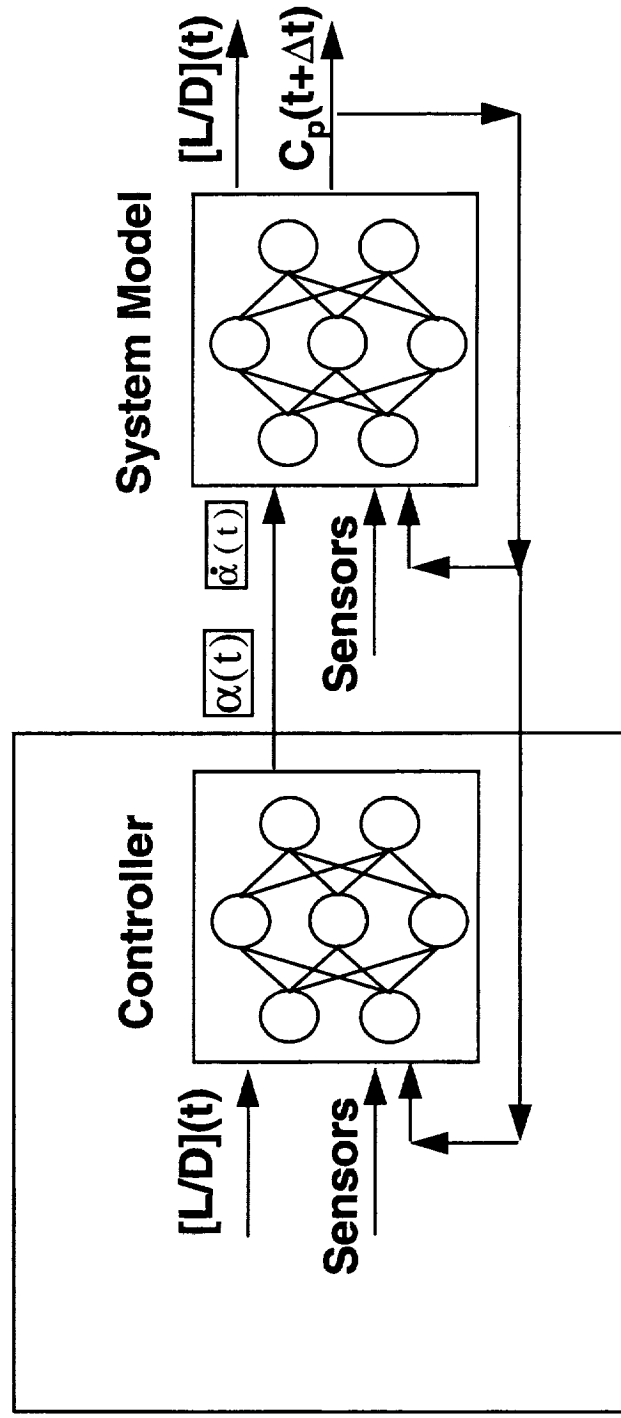
- Develop Neural Network Model of the Plant



- Inputs: Wing Motion History and Recurrent Feedback
- Outputs: Time-Dependent Unsteady Surface Pressures & Forces/Moments

Neural Network Control

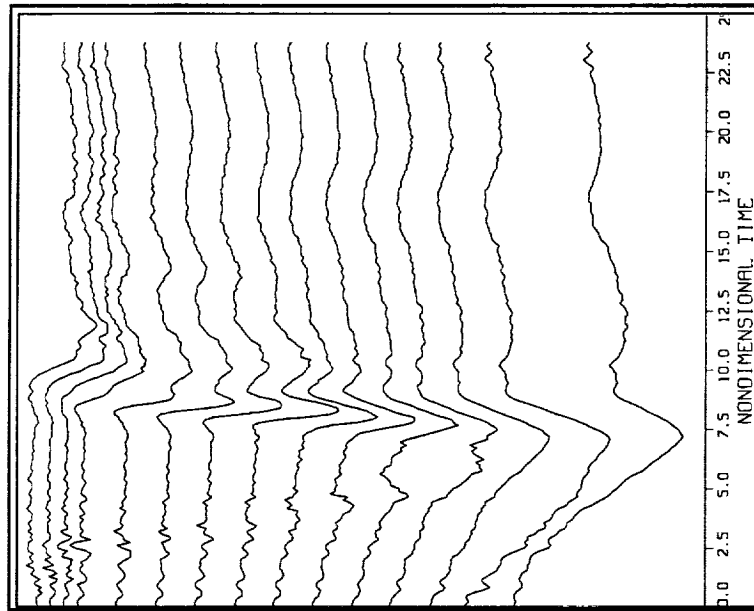
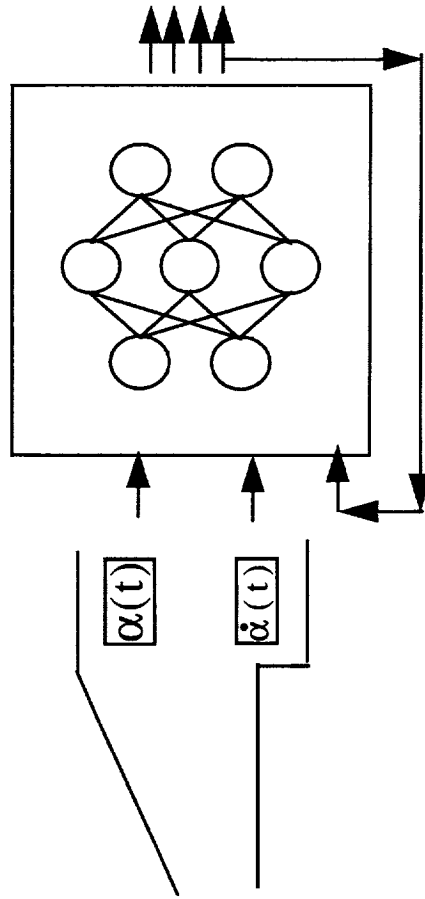
- Closed-Loop Control



- Actual system would include sensor inputs to both the plant & controller

Neural Network Model of Unsteady Flow Field Wing Interactions

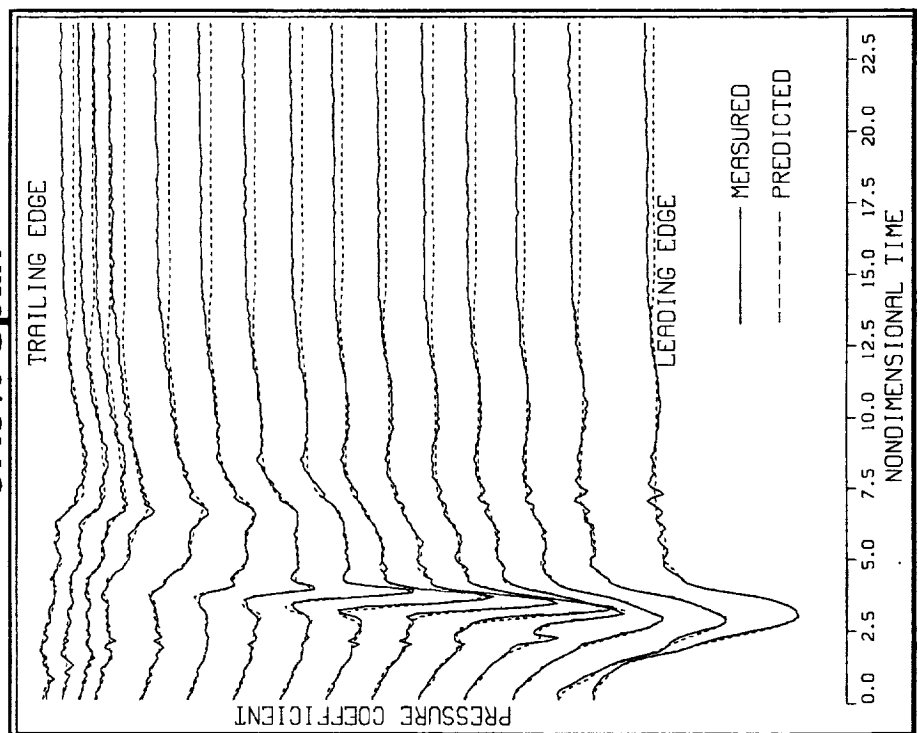
Time-Dependent Plant Model



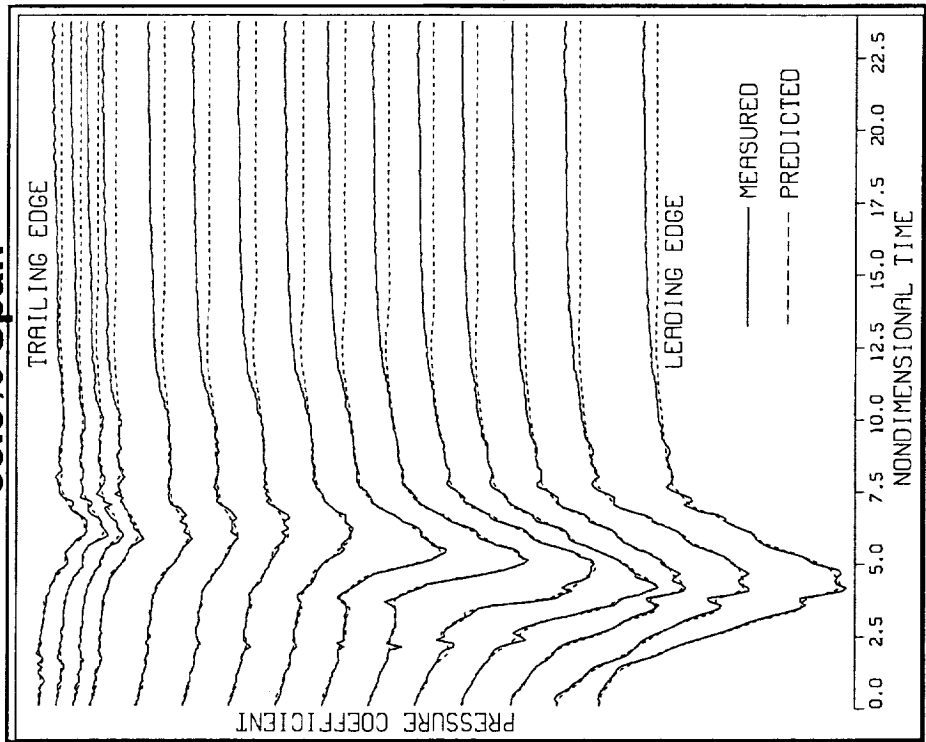
Model Replicates 3-Dimensionality

- Constant rate pitch motion, $\alpha^+ = 0.20$

37.5% Span

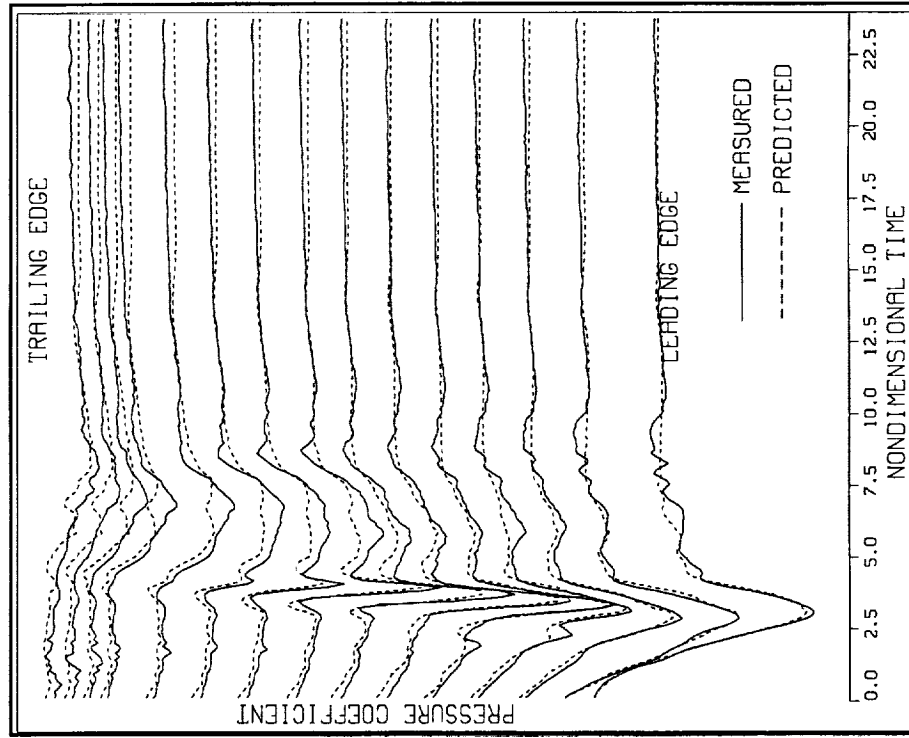


80.0% Span

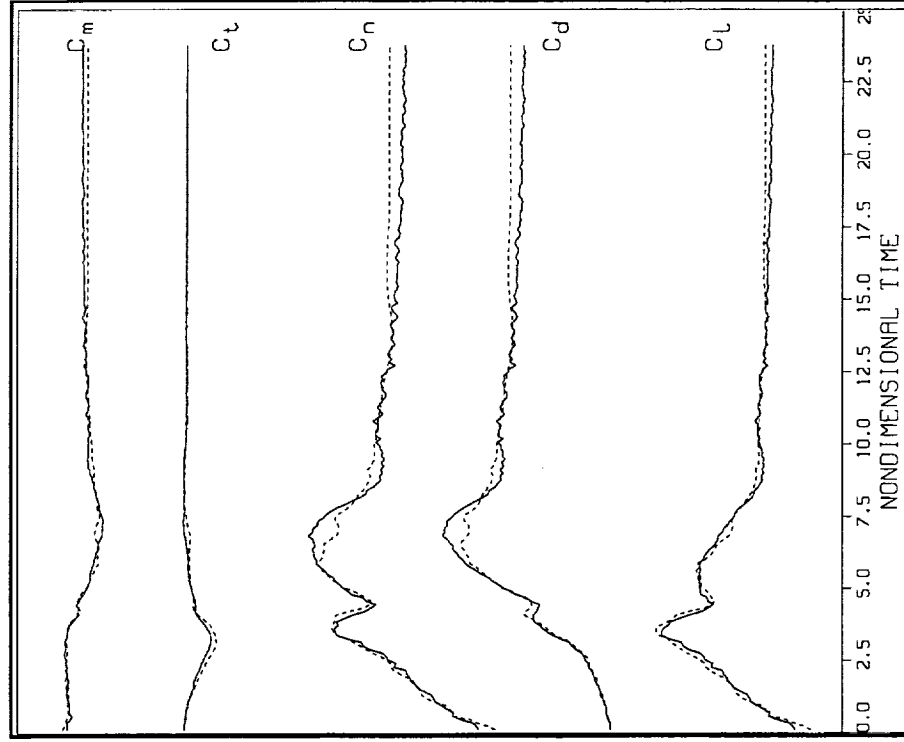


Model Interpolates to Novel Cases

- Constant rate pitch motion, $\alpha^+ = 0.15$



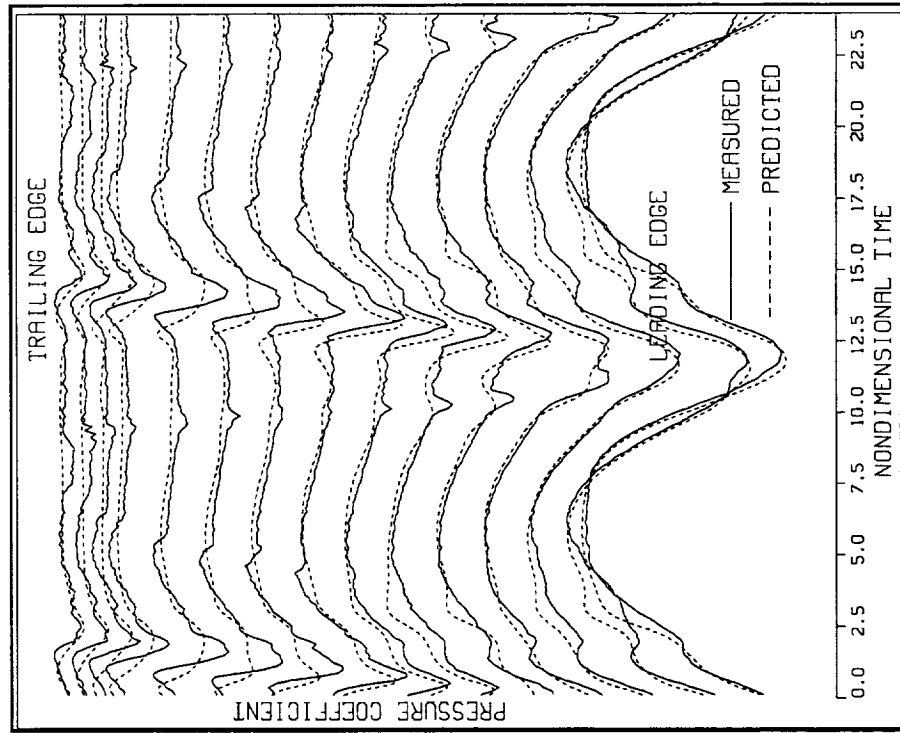
Surface Pressures



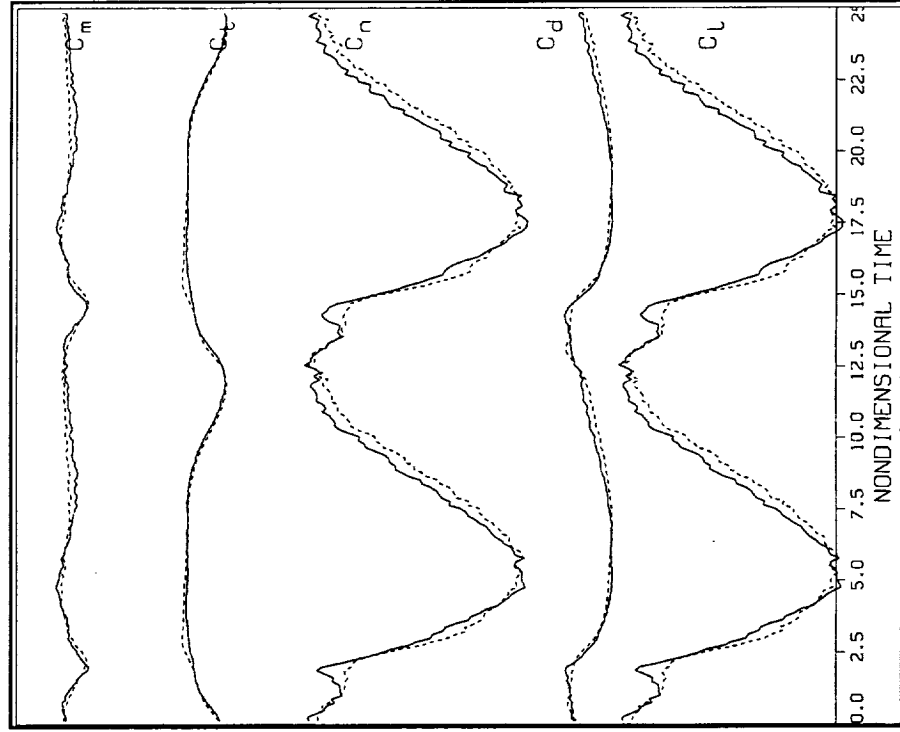
Aerodynamic Coefficients

Model Extrapolates to Novel Cases

- Harmonic motion history, $K = 0.25$

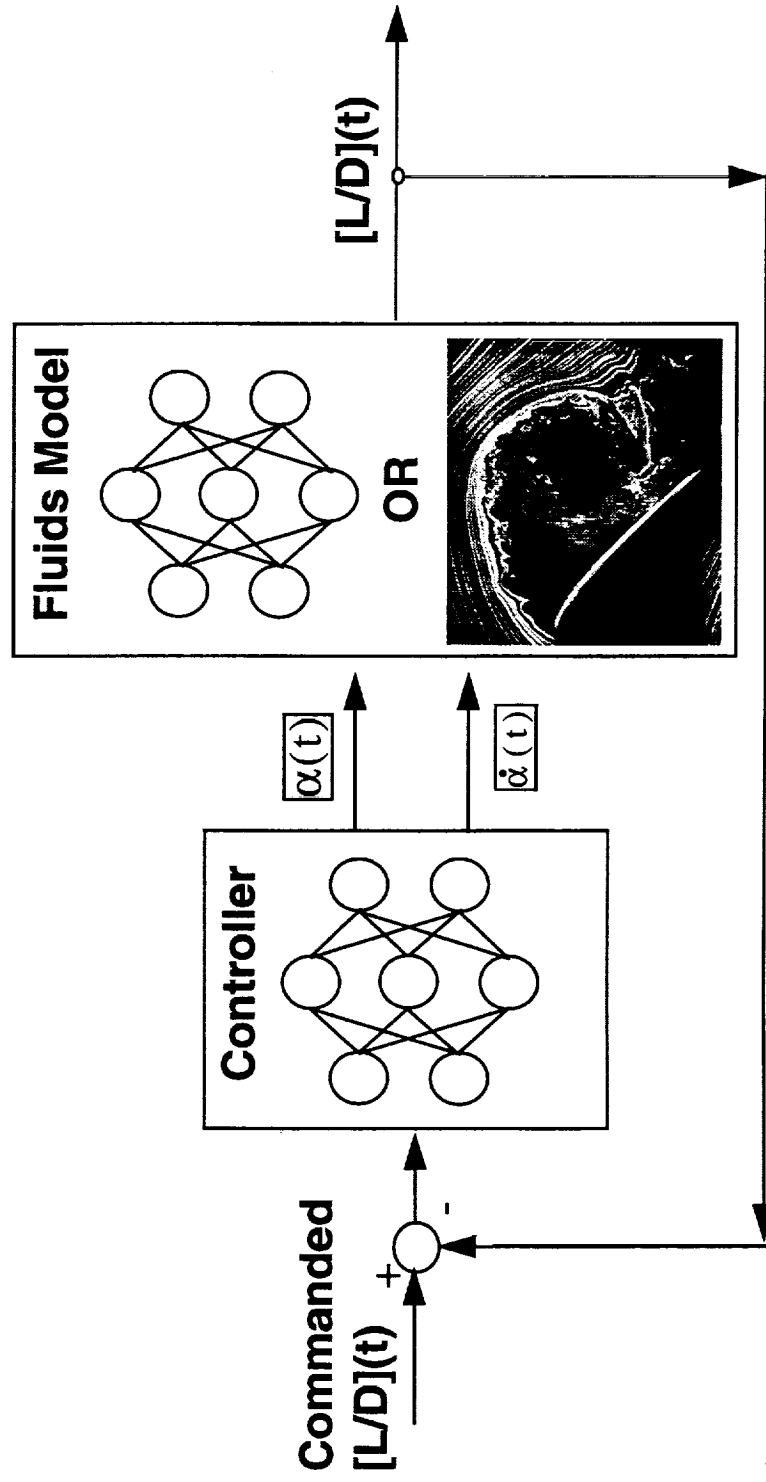


Surface Pressures



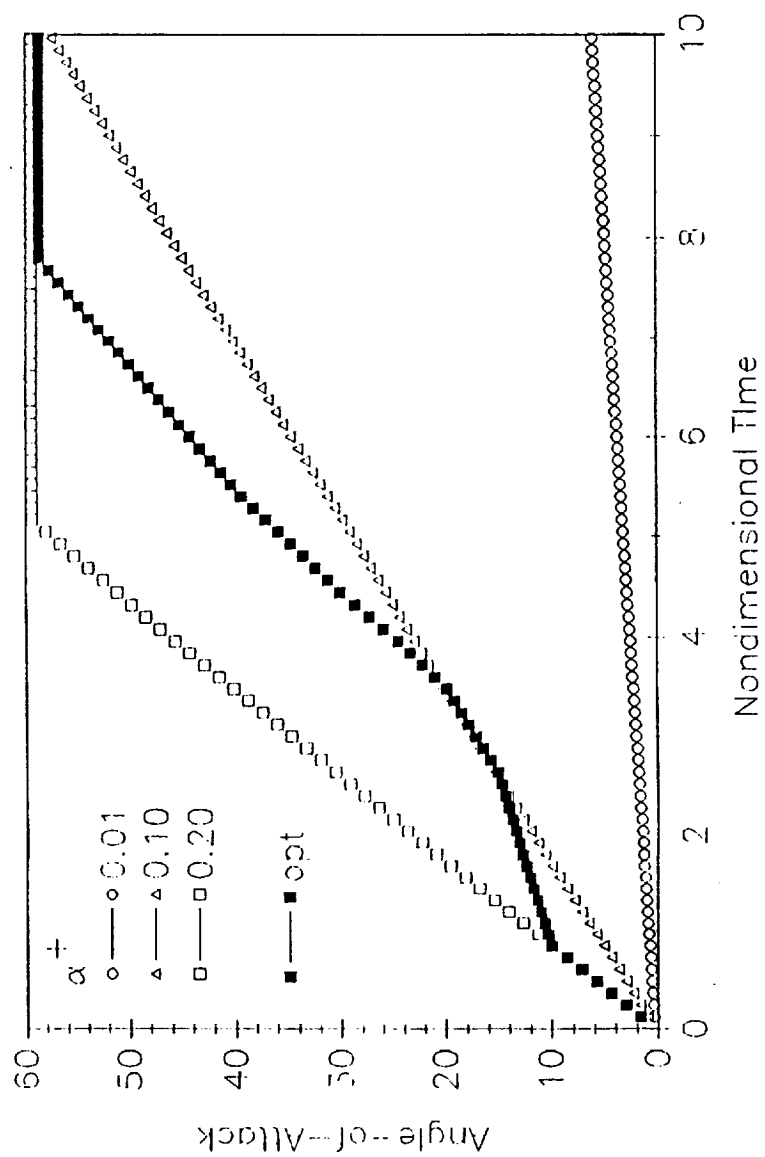
Aerodynamic Coefficients

Closed-Loop Neural Network Control of Unsteady Separated Flows

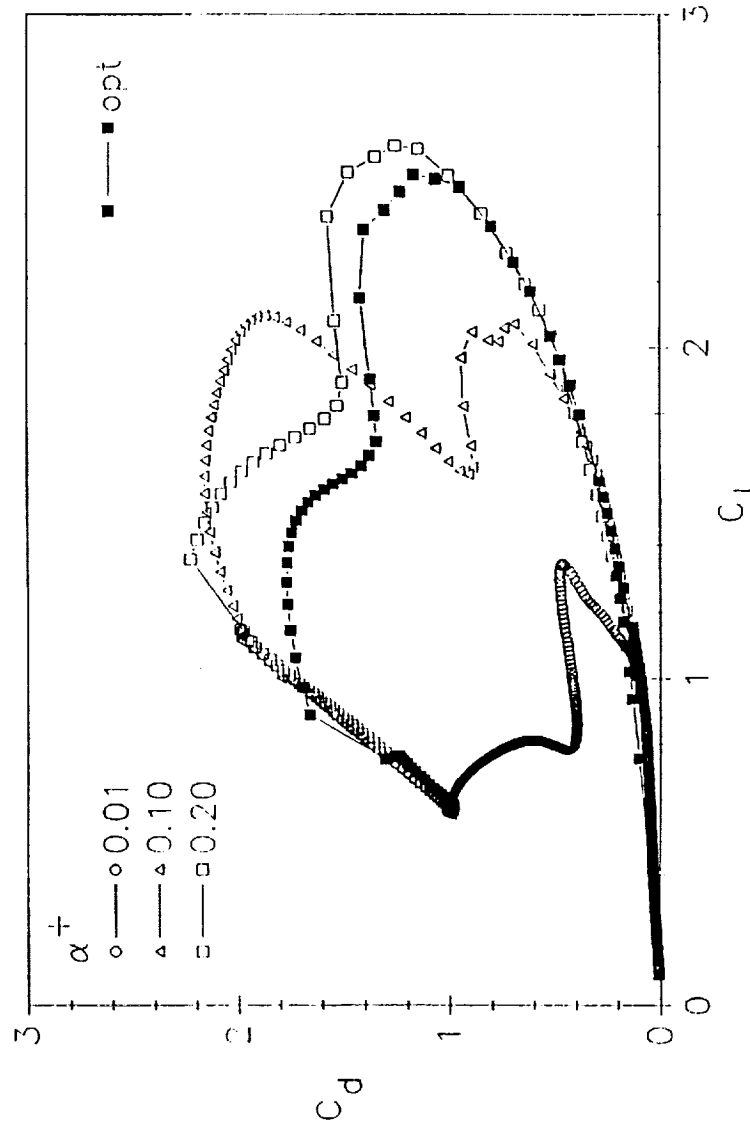


- Demonstrate Optimization and Control of Time-Dependent $[L/D]$

Neural Network Optimized Wing Motion History for $[L/D](t)$

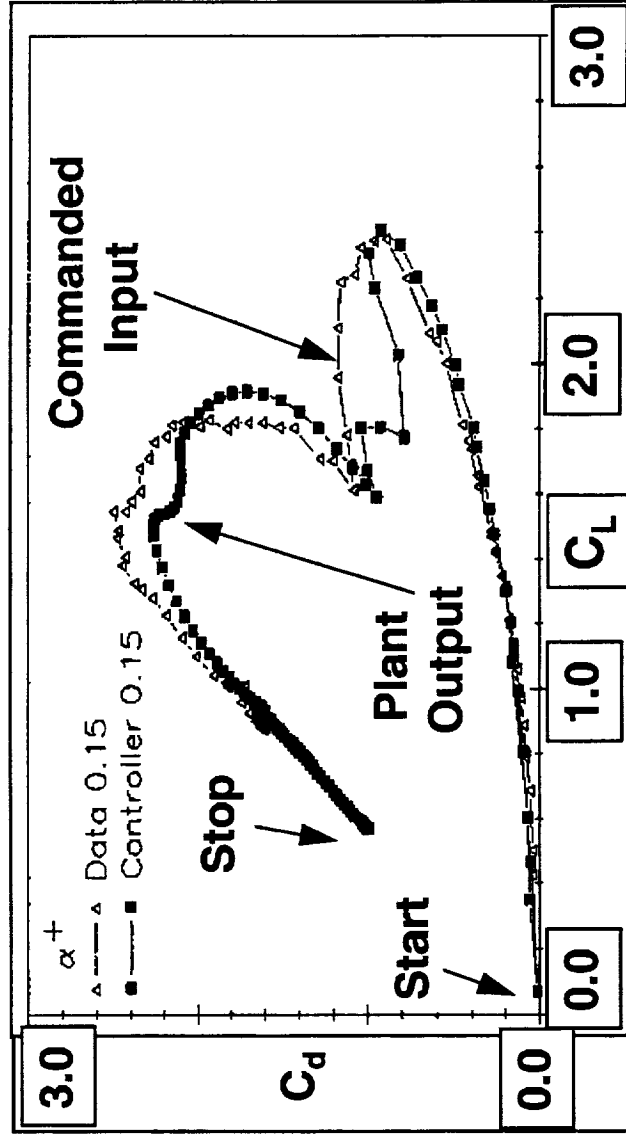


Neural Network Optimized Drag Polar



- Less Than 10% Loss in Lift
- 20% to 40% Decrease in Drag

Neural Network Controller Yields Commanded $[L/D](t)$ for Novel Cases



- Neural Network Controller Trained on Limited Experimental Data
- Neural Network Controller Accurately Interpolates to Novel Cases

CONCLUSION

- **Alternative (State-of-the-Art) Solutions**

Computational Fluid Dynamics

**Two-Dimensional Solutions (No 3-Dimensionality)
Computationally Intensive (10's of Hours of Cray Time)**

To Date Control Of Unsteady Aerodynamics Has Not Been Demonstrated

- **Neural Networks Offer Unique Opportunities:**

Simplify Modeling of Three-Dimensional, Vortex Dominated, Unsteady Separated Flow Fields (Practical Geometries & Applications 3-D)

Effective Means for Controlling Unsteady Aerodynamics

Address Integration of Sensors, Actuators, Controllers and Time Lags Into Adaptive Control Systems